S12ZVM-EWP USER GUIDE - HARDWARE

Ultra-Reliable MCUs for Industrial and Automotive Applications

Network address of RDB





Contents

- Hardware Setup
- Hardware Consideration
- SCH and PCB



HARDWARE SETUP



Solder 2 wires and connect the S12ZVM-EWP with DC power supply. Set the voltage to 12V and the current limit to 7.0A; If want to test PWM/LIN, solder the orange wire.

DC: 12V Current limit: 7.0A PWM/LIN

Power Supply



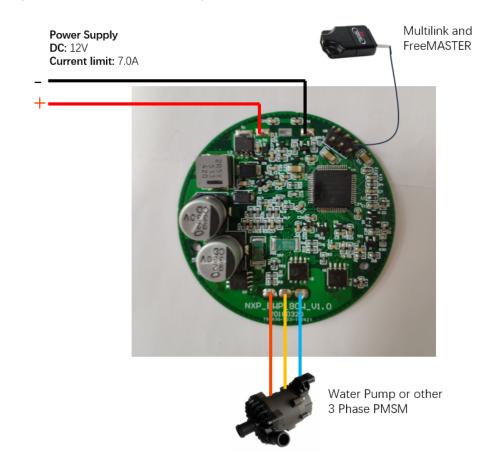
Do not turn power on this moment!

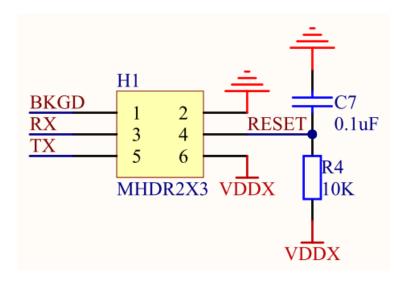
Solder 3 wires and connect to the 3 phase water pump or other PMSMs.

Power Supply DC: 12V Current limit: 7.0A Water Pump or other 3 Phase PMSM



Connect PE Multilink debugger to BDM port (H1) onboard and PC. If you want to connect FreeMASTER by SCI, please solder H1 port 3 wires on the other side of PCB, connect TX, RX and GND to a SCI-to-USB tool.







- Turn the power supply on
- Follow the QSG, get the S12ZVML-EWP software package, change the MCAT parameters to compatible with your PMSM
- Download the firmware to the board and using FreeMASTER to control your PMSM
- If you have issues about the firmware download or debug, please following software user manual for more information



HARDWARE CONSIDERATION



Heat Dissipation

- If water pump or PMSM running with big load, S12ZVM and MOSFETs will produce heat. So be careful.
- If heat accumulate and very hot, using some heat sink or cooling fan can help.



Motor running direction

If motor running in the wrong direction, 2 methods can help:

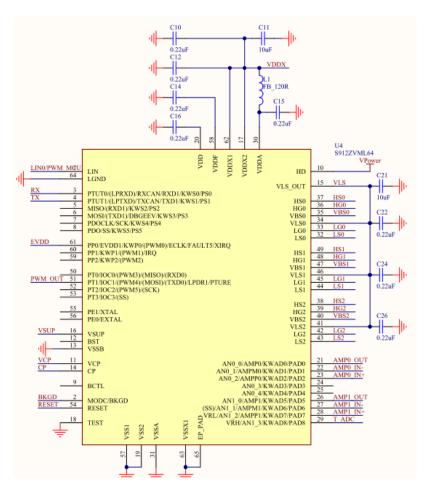
- Change the 2 wires of motor phases
- Set the motor speed to the minus speed



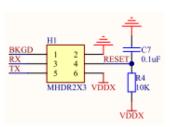
SCH AND PCB



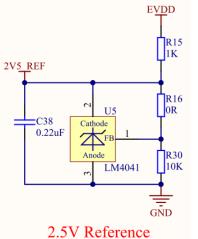
Hardware Introduction – Schematics 1



MCU circuit

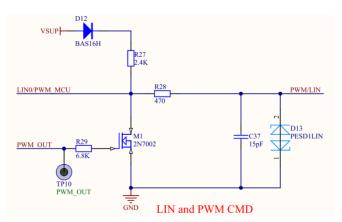


BDM and SCI (FreeMASTER)



Voltage reference for current sampling

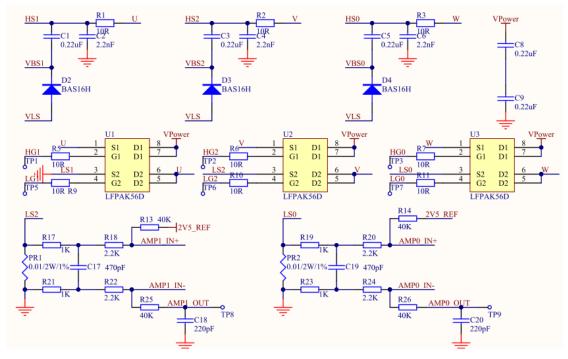
Controlled by EVDD for power management



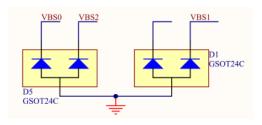
LIN and PWM are using one wire Meanwhile It can achieve the PWM feedback function by corporation with the MASTER



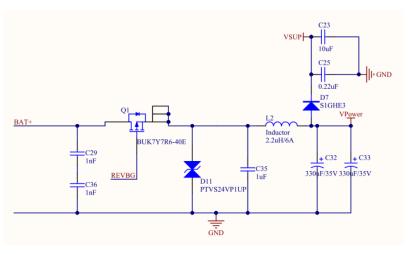
Hardware Introduction – Schematics 2



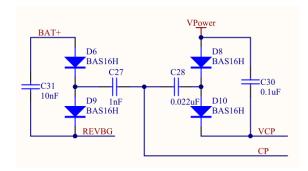
Power inverter circuit, including current sampling



TVS for critical pin protection, recommend



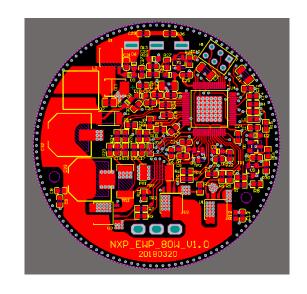
Power input and reverse protection

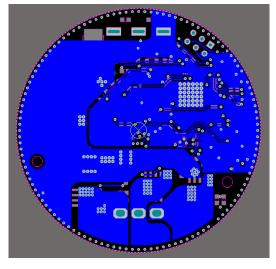


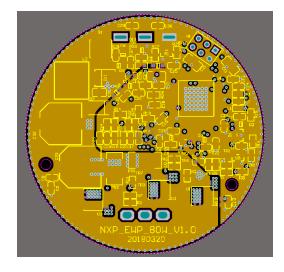
Charge pump circuit

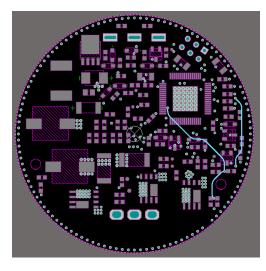


Hardware Introduction – PCB









Four layer PCB All components are in top layer, good for manufactory GND are separated with Power GND and Signal GND





SECURE CONNECTIONS FOR A SMARTER WORLD