

ES_LPC2292/94/01

Errata sheet LPC2292/01, LPC2294/01

Rev. 3 — 1 October 2011

Errata sheet

Document information

Info	Content
Keywords	LPC2292/01, LPC2294/01 errata
Abstract	<p>This errata sheet describes both the known functional problems and any deviations from the electrical specifications known at the release date of this document.</p> <p>Each deviation is assigned a number and its history is tracked in a table.</p>



Revision history

Rev	Date	Description
3	20111001	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Added Rev. D.
2	20110401	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The format of this errata sheet has been redesigned to comply with the new identity guidelines of NXP Semiconductors.• Added ADC.1, Note.2.• Combined errata for LPC2292/01 and LPC2294/01 into one document.
1	20070727	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Initial version.

Contact information

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

1. Product identification

The LPC2292/01 and LPC2294/01 devices typically have the following top-side marking:

```
LPC229xxxxxx
/01
xxxxxxx
xxYYWW R
```

The last letter in the last line (field 'R') will identify the device revision. This Errata Sheet covers the following revisions of the LPC2292/01 and LPC2294/01:

Table 1. Device revision table

Revision identifier (R)	Revision description
'C'	First device revision
'D'	Second device revision

Field 'YY' states the year the device was manufactured. Field 'WW' states the week the device was manufactured during that year.

2. Errata overview

Table 2. Functional problems table

Functional problems	Short description	Revision identifier	Detailed description
CORE.1	Incorrect update of the Abort Link register in Thumb state	'C', 'D'	Section 3.1
CAN.1	Data overrun condition can lock the CAN controller	'C', 'D'	Section 3.2
ADC.1	External sync inputs not operational	'C', 'D'	Section 3.3

Table 3. AC/DC deviations table

AC/DC deviations	Short description	Product version(s)	Detailed description
n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

Table 4. Errata notes table

Errata notes	Short description	Revision identifier	Detailed description
Note.1	New CAN controller provides improved interrupt behavior in Full-CAN mode	'C', 'D'	Section 5.1
Note.2	Pin TD1 (pin 22, H2) must not be driven LOW during reset	'C', 'D'	Section 5.2

3. Functional problems detail

3.1 CORE.1: Incorrect update of the Abort Link register in Thumb state

Introduction:

If the processor is in Thumb state and executing the code sequence STR, STMIA or PUSH followed by a PC relative load, and the STR, STMIA or PUSH is aborted, the PC is saved to the abort link register.

Problem:

In this situation the PC is saved to the abort link register in word resolution, instead of half-word resolution.

Conditions:

The processor must be in Thumb state, and the following sequence must occur:

```
<any instruction>  
<STR, STMIA, PUSH> <---- data abort on this instruction  
LDR rn, [pc,#offset]
```

In this case the PC is saved to the link register R14_abt in only word resolution, not half-word resolution. The effect is that the link register holds an address that could be #2 less than it should be, so any abort handler could return to one instruction earlier than intended.

Work-around:

In a system that does not use Thumb state, there will be no problem.

In a system that uses Thumb state but does not use data aborts, or does not try to use data aborts in a recoverable manner, there will be no problem.

Otherwise the workaround is to ensure that a STR, STMIA or PUSH cannot precede a PC-relative load. One method for this is to add a NOP before any PC-relative load instruction. However this would have to be done manually.

3.2 CAN.1: Data overrun condition can lock the CAN controller

Introduction:

Each CAN controller provides a double Receive Buffer (RBX) per CAN channel to store incoming messages until they are processed by the CPU. Software task should read and save received data as soon as a message reception is signaled.

In cases, where both receive buffers are filled and the contents are not read before the third message comes in, a CAN Data Overrun situation is signaled. This condition is signaled via the Status register and the Data Overrun Interrupt (if enabled).

Problem:

In a Data Overrun condition, the CAN controller is locked from further message reception.

Work-around:

1. Recovering from this situation is only possible with a soft reset to the CAN controller.
2. If software cannot read all messages in time before a third message comes in, it is recommend to change the acceptance filtering by adding further acceptance filter group(s) for messages, which are normally rejected. With this approach, the third incoming message is accepted and the Data Overrun condition is avoided. These additional messages are received with the corresponding group index number can be easily identified and rejected by software.

3.3 ADC.1: External sync inputs not operational

Introduction:

In software-controlled mode (BURST bit is 0), the 10-bit ADC can start conversion by using the following options in the A/D Control Register:

26:24	START	When the BURST bit is 0, these bits control whether and when an ADC conversion is started:	0
	000	No start (this value should be used when clearing PDN to 0).	
	001	Start conversion now.	
	010	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on P0.16/EINT0/MAT0.2/CAP0.2 pin.	
	011	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on P0.22/CAP0.0/MAT0.0 pin.	
	100	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on MAT0.1.	
	101	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on MAT0.3.	
	110	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on MAT1.0.	
	111	Start conversion when the edge selected by bit 27 occurs on MAT1.1.	

Fig 1. A/D control register options

Problem:

The external start conversion feature, ADCR:START = 0x2 or 0x3, may not work reliably and ADC external trigger edges on P0.16 or P0.22 may be missed. The occurrence of this problem is peripheral clock (pclk) dependent. The probability of error (missing a ADC trigger from GPIO) is estimated as follows:

- For PCLK_ADC = 60 MHz, probability error = 12 %
- For PCLK_ADC = 50 MHz, probability error = 6 %
- For PCLK_ADC = 12 MHz, probability error = 1.5 %

The probability of error is not affected by the frequency of ADC start conversion edges.

Work-around:

In software-controlled mode (BURST bit is 0), the START conversion options (bits 26:24 set to 0x1 or 0x4 or 0x5 or 0x6 or 0x7) can be used. The user can also start a conversion by connecting an external trigger signal to a capture input pin (CAPx) from a Timer peripheral to generate an interrupt. The timer interrupt routine can then start the ADC conversion by setting the START bits (26:24) to 0x1. The trigger can also be generated from a timer match register.

4. AC/DC deviations detail

4.1 n/a

5. Errata notes detail

5.1 Note.1

The CAN controller on the LPC229x/01 is a new certified CAN controller. This controller has an improved interrupt behavior in Full-CAN mode. Care should be taken while using the global CAN filter look-up table (LUT). In the old CAN block (as found in the LPC2292/94 and LPC2292/94/01), the numbering of the CAN interfaces in the LUT is 1 to n. In the new CAN block, the numbering of the CAN interfaces in the LUT is 0 to n-1 (n being the number of implemented CAN interfaces (2 or 4)).

5.2 Note.2

Pin TD1 (pin 22, H2) must not be driven LOW during reset. If LOW on reset the device behavior is undetermined.

6. Legal information

6.1 Definitions

Draft — The document is a draft version only. The content is still under internal review and subject to formal approval, which may result in modifications or additions. NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of information included herein and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

6.2 Disclaimers

Limited warranty and liability — Information in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, NXP Semiconductors does not give any representations or warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and shall have no liability for the consequences of use of such information.

In no event shall NXP Semiconductors be liable for any indirect, incidental, punitive, special or consequential damages (including - without limitation - lost profits, lost savings, business interruption, costs related to the removal or replacement of any products or rework charges) whether or not such damages are based on tort (including negligence), warranty, breach of contract or any other legal theory.

Notwithstanding any damages that customer might incur for any reason whatsoever, NXP Semiconductors' aggregate and cumulative liability towards customer for the products described herein shall be limited in accordance with the *Terms and conditions of commercial sale* of NXP Semiconductors.

Right to make changes — NXP Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes to information published in this document, including without limitation specifications and product descriptions, at any time and without notice. This document supersedes and replaces all information supplied prior to the publication hereof.

Suitability for use — NXP Semiconductors products are not designed, authorized or warranted to be suitable for use in life support, life-critical or safety-critical systems or equipment, nor in applications where failure or

malfunction of an NXP Semiconductors product can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury, death or severe property or environmental damage. NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for inclusion and/or use of NXP Semiconductors products in such equipment or applications and therefore such inclusion and/or use is at the customer's own risk.

Applications — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. NXP Semiconductors makes no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

Customers are responsible for the design and operation of their applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products, and NXP Semiconductors accepts no liability for any assistance with applications or customer product design. It is customer's sole responsibility to determine whether the NXP Semiconductors product is suitable and fit for the customer's applications and products planned, as well as for the planned application and use of customer's third party customer(s). Customers should provide appropriate design and operating safeguards to minimize the risks associated with their applications and products.

NXP Semiconductors does not accept any liability related to any default, damage, costs or problem which is based on any weakness or default in the customer's applications or products, or the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). Customer is responsible for doing all necessary testing for the customer's applications and products using NXP Semiconductors products in order to avoid a default of the applications and the products or of the application or use by customer's third party customer(s). NXP does not accept any liability in this respect.

Export control — This document as well as the item(s) described herein may be subject to export control regulations. Export might require a prior authorization from competent authorities.

6.3 Trademarks

Notice: All referenced brands, product names, service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

7. Contents

1	Product identification	3
2	Errata overview	3
3	Functional problems detail	4
3.1	CORE.1: Incorrect update of the Abort Link register in Thumb state.	4
	Introduction:	4
	Problem:	4
	Conditions:	4
	Work-around:	4
3.2	CAN.1: Data overrun condition can lock the CAN controller.	5
	Introduction:	5
	Problem:	5
	Work-around:	5
3.3	ADC.1: External sync inputs not operational ..	6
	Introduction:	6
	Problem:	6
	Work-around:	6
4	AC/DC deviations detail	7
4.1	n/a.	7
5	Errata notes detail	7
5.1	Note.1	7
5.2	Note.2	7
6	Legal information.	8
6.1	Definitions	8
6.2	Disclaimers	8
6.3	Trademarks	8
7	Contents	9

Please be aware that important notices concerning this document and the product(s) described herein, have been included in section 'Legal information'.

© NXP B.V. 2011.

All rights reserved.

For more information, please visit: <http://www.nxp.com>

For sales office addresses, please send an email to: salesaddresses@nxp.com

Date of release: 1 October 2011

Document identifier: ES_LPC2292_94_01