

# Freescale Semiconductor Engineering Bulletin

EB719 Rev. 1.0, 11/2009

# Migrating from the MC1319x to the MC1320x Device

#### Introduction

This document contains guidelines for migrating from the MC1319x to the MC1320x device.

The MC1320x series was designed to be able to drop into existing MC1319x designs with a minimum number of changes. This document outlines these recommended changes.

The key differences between the MC1319x series and the MC1320x series is the addition of an internal transmit/receive (TR) switch to the MC1320x design and some receiver design changes that require a few register setting changes for optimal performance.

The changes described have been verified by Freescale Applications Engineering using the 1319xEVB development board.

#### NOTE

Refer to the MC1320x Reference Manual for detailed device information.





### **Recommended RF Matching Network Changes**

Figure 1 shows the RF matching network from the 1319xEVB development board. When moving to the MC1320x, changes to this design are minimal.

At transmit pins PAO\_P and PAO\_N, L102 should be reduced from 8.2 nH to 6.8 nH. For slightly different implementations, the value of the shunt inductor can be reduced by an equivalent ratio. The change should be verified by measuring the output power of the board. If this change is not made, there may be several dB reduction in output power.

No change is required at the Receive pins, RIN\_M and RIN\_P. For completeness, a packet error rate (PER) test can be performed and L101 adjusted up or down to ensure the best match.

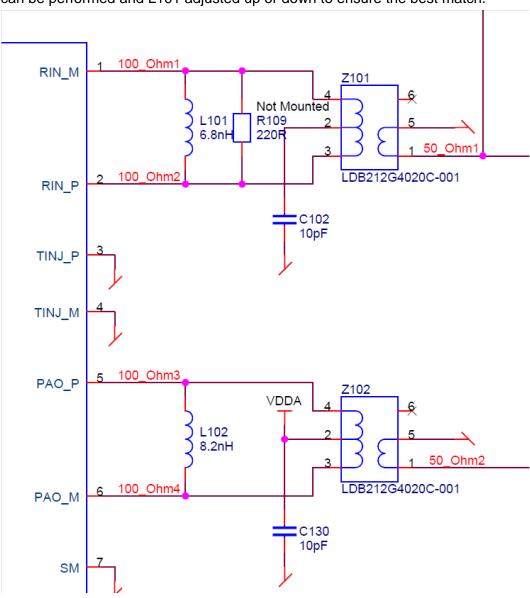


Figure 1 RF Matching Network

Migrating from the MC1319x to the MC1320x Device, Rev. 1.0

2 Freescale Semiconductor



## Required Software Changes

- The MC1320x series devices include a transmit/receive switch that is not included on the MC1319x series devices. The default setting is for the switch not to be enabled, so no change in software is required.
- The receiver performance of the MC1320x series has been improved over the MC1319x and this requires different register settings as follows:
  - PSM\_Mode Register 0x31 should be programmed to 0xA0C0 (normal operation) this register is described in the MC1320x Reference Manual as reserved except for the 3-bit psm tm[2:0] field located at bit PSM\_Mode[5:3]. This field uses a value of 0b000 for normal operation and a value of 0b001 for RF test (modulator disabled). The MC13202 now requires that reserved bits PSM\_Mode[7:6] be over-written to 2b11, and as a result, the new program values are: a) 0xA0C0 for normal operation, and b) 0xA0C8 for modulator disabled test.
  - Register 0x34 should be programmed to value 0xFEC6 this is a reserved hidden register that trims radio parameters, and the default value must be over-written.
- It is not required that the software project be upgraded to one of Freescale's newer codebases and no other changes are required.

Freescale Semiconductor 3



#### How to Reach Us:

#### USA/Europe/Locations not listed:

Freescale Semiconductor Literature Distribution P.O. Box 5405, Denver, Colorado 80217 1-800-521-6274 or 480-768-2130

#### Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd. SPS, Technical Information Center 3-20-1, Minami-Azabu Minato-ku Tokyo 106-8573, Japan 81-3-3440-3569

#### Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor H.K. Ltd. 2 Dai King Street Tai Po Industrial Estate Tai Po, N.T. Hong Kong 852-26668334

#### Learn More:

For more information about Freescale Semiconductor products, please visit http://www.freescale.com Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters which may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals" must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

Freescale<sup>™</sup> and the Freescale logo are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. © Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. 2009.

